Space Weather in Morocco

Pr Aziza Bounhir

Fabry-Perot interferometer



Wide angle Camera



GPS Stations in Morocco



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RENOIR Network



Scientific acheivements

- * Measurement of *winds*, *temperature* and *ionospheric irregularities* at 250 km of altitude.
- * Thermospheric winds and temperature establishement; **Climatology**, **saisonality**, **solar cycledependence**, **effect of geomagnetic storm**.
- * Tidal and gravity wave signatures
- * Climatologies of EPBs over Africa
- * Response of the thermosphere to geomagnetic storms.

Other data and facilities

* Meaurements of <u>TEC</u>: GPS station at Oukaimeden, and other stations in Moroco. **Climatology**, **saisonality**, **solar cycle dependence**, **effect of geomagnetic storm**.

* Use of satellite data, SWARM.

* Comparison to empirical and physics based models : HWM14, NRLMSIS-00, TIE-GCM and GITM

The **RENOIR** Network

- * Study of latitudinal and longitudinal effects and differences for various phenomena
- * Increased coverage to understand storm-time response.
- * Four FPIs installed in Ethiopia, Nigeria, Ivory Coast and South Africa allowing comparisons within Africa for the first time
- * Added coincident data from satellite observations and GPS measurements.

Scientific acheivements; storm time study

Multi-apparture, case of 27 Feb 2014



statistical study



59 % TAD induced circulation.33 % slight difference with quiet night.8 % transequatorial wind during the whole the night.

* First TAD coming from the north <u>lasted for about 4 hours</u>; V(TAD) = 550 m/s
* Second TAD trans-equatorial was captured around 00 LT, <u>lasted for 3,5 hours</u>.
* Equatorward flow → TID raises the HmF2 pick where decrease NmF → migration to thermospheric regions of increased mean molecular mass → TAD effect.
* Plasma drift = Zonal wind → Storm dynamo fully developed.

Scientific acheivements

Importance of the coupling with lower altitudes



Effect of thermospheric winds on the EAI



* Symmetrical EIA crests; weak wind speeds or converging/ diverging winds with about the same velocity in both hemispheres.

* EIA crests for transequatorial winds.

Longitudinal effet of the Equatorial Ionization Anomaly



Team and curent interests

The Team

4 professors3 Ph.D thesis defended.3 Ph.D studentsToubkal project success.

22 pubications

The Interest

- In depth exploration of previoust studies.
- RENOIR data availible again.
- Ionosphere/Thermosphere Coupling.
- A futur collaboration : Mapping Morocco with 60 GPS stations
- IMCP project participation.

3 Thesis

- 1:Improvement of operational risks forecasting capabilities of existing SW warning systems.
- 2: Study of thermospheric wind and temperature trends as a function of solar and geomagnetic activities.
 - 3: Study of solar events effect on the Thermosphere/lonosphere coupling: use of satellite and in situ measurements.



International Meridian Cercle Project

