題名 ISWI Newsletter - Vol. 4 No. 26 差出人 George Maeda

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Attachment(s):
(1) "snapshot", 500 KB pdf, one page.
                         Solar event of 8 March 2012.
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Dear ISWI Participant:

As you may have heard, another solar event has just occurred.

Some details of it are available at www.spaceweather.com -- I attach a snapshot of the website.

It contains a movie of the sun spewing out streams of gas. This is indicated at the bottom of my attached pdf. Check it out. (You have to visit the actual website to view the movie, however.)

Cordially yours,

: George Maeda : The Editor : ISWI Newsletter

www.spaceweather.com



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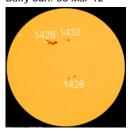
Current Conditions

Solar wind

speed: 293.0 km/sec density: 5.8 protons/cm3 explanation | more data Updated: Today at 0722 UT

X-ray Solar Flares 6-hr max: C7 0253 UT Mar08 24-hr: C7 0253 UT Mar08 explanation | more data Updated: Today at: 0700 UT

Daily Sun: 08 Mar 12



Big sunspot 1429 poses a continued threat for X-class solar flares. Credit: SDO/HMI

Sunspot number: 102 What is the sunspot number? Updated 07 Mar 2012

Spotless Days

Current Stretch: 0 days 2012 total: 0 days (0%) 2011 total: 2 days (<1%) 2010 total: 51 days (14%) 2009 total: 260 days (71%) Since 2004: 821 days Typical Solar Min: 486 days Updated 07 Mar 2012

The Radio Sun 10.7 cm flux: 136 sfu explanation | more data Updated 07 Mar 2012

Current Auroral Oval:



Switch to: Europe, USA, New Zealand, Antarctic Credit: NOAA/POES

Planetary K-index Now: Kp= 1 quiet 24-hr max: **Kp= 6 storm** explanation | more data

Interplanetary Mag. Field B_{total}: 7.4 nT Bz: 3.8 nT north explanation | more data Updated: Today at 0757 UT

Coronal Holes: 08 Mar 12

What's up in space

Metallic photos of the sun by renowned photographer Greg Piepol bring together the best of art and science. Buy one or a whole set. They make a stellar gift.

GEOMAGNETIC STORM UPDATE: A CME propelled toward Earth by yesterday's X5-class solar flare is expected to reach our planet on March 8th at 0625 UT (+/- 7 hr). Analysts at the Goddard Space Weather Lab, who prepared the CME's forecast track, say the impact could spark a strong geomagnetic storm. Sky watchers at all latitudes should be alert for auroras. Aurora alerts: text,

Mild geomagnetic activity is already underway following a lesser CME impact on March 7th. Shortly after the cloud arrived, a burst of Northern Lights appeared over the US-Canadian border. Shawn Malone photographed the display from the shores of Lake Superior:



"I was lucky to catch this brilliant outburst of aurora activity that was very active for close to an hour," says Malone, who has also made a time-lapse video of the display. "The aurora had no problem shining through the moonlit skies.

more images: from Eric Frigon of Banff National Park , Alberta, Canada; from John Welling of Ashland, Wisconsin; from Justin Phillips of New Auburn, Wisconsin; from Truls Tiller of Tromsø, Norway; from Stephen Voss of Sandy Point, New Zealand; from Olivier Du Tré of Cochrane, Alberta; from Manu Keggenhoff of Jake's Corner, Yukon, Canada; from Ed Stockard of Sun Mt Lodge, Methow Valley, Washington

MAJOR SOLAR FLARE (UPDATED): Big sunspot AR1429 has unleashed another major flare. This one is the strongest yet, an X5-class eruption on March 7th at 00:28 UT. NASA's Solar Dynamics Observatory recorded the extreme UV



This eruption hurled a bright CME into space, shown here in a movie from the Solar and Heliospheric Observatory. Analysts at the Goddard Space Weather Lab estimate that the CME will reach Earth on March 8th at 0625 UT (+/- 7 hr), possibly triggering a strong-to-severe geomagnetic storm. An animated forecast track shows the progression of the fast-moving cloud.

Thursday, Mar. 8, 2012



view

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A movie of



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